

Gov 50: 4. Data Wrangling

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Roadmap

1. Data Wrangling
2. Operating on rows
3. Operating on columns
4. Operating on groups

1/ Data Wrangling

Why?

data.frames vs tibbles

- The standard R object for datasets is the `data.frame`
 - Each column is a vector of the same length.
 - Columns can be different types
- Access columns with `$`: `mydata$myvariable`

```
mtcars$mpg
```

```
## [1] 21.0 21.0 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 17.8 16.4 17.3  
## [14] 15.2 10.4 10.4 14.7 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 15.5 15.2 13.3 19.2 27.3  
## [27] 26.0 30.4 15.8 19.7 15.0 21.4
```

Problems with data frames

```
mtcars
```

```
##          mpg cyl  disp  hp drat   wt  qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4      21.0   6 160.0 110 3.90 2.62 16.5  0  1   4   4
## Mazda RX4 Wag  21.0   6 160.0 110 3.90 2.88 17.0  0  1   4   4
## Datsun 710     22.8   4 108.0  93 3.85 2.32 18.6  1  1   4   1
## Hornet 4 Drive  21.4   6 258.0 110 3.08 3.21 19.4  1  0   3   1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7   8 360.0 175 3.15 3.44 17.0  0  0   3   2
## Valiant        18.1   6 225.0 105 2.76 3.46 20.2  1  0   3   1
## Duster 360     14.3   8 360.0 245 3.21 3.57 15.8  0  0   3   4
## Merc 240D      24.4   4 146.7  62 3.69 3.19 20.0  1  0   4   2
## Merc 230       22.8   4 140.8  95 3.92 3.15 22.9  1  0   4   2
## Merc 280       19.2   6 167.6 123 3.92 3.44 18.3  1  0   4   4
## Merc 280C      17.8   6 167.6 123 3.92 3.44 18.9  1  0   4   4
## Merc 450SE     16.4   8 275.8 180 3.07 4.07 17.4  0  0   3   3
## Merc 450SL     17.3   8 275.8 180 3.07 3.73 17.6  0  0   3   3
## Merc 450SLC    15.2   8 275.8 180 3.07 3.78 18.0  0  0   3   3
## Cadillac Fleetwood 10.4   8 472.0 205 2.93 5.25 18.0  0  0   3   4
## Lincoln Continental 10.4   8 460.0 215 3.00 5.42 17.8  0  0   3   4
## Chrysler Imperial 14.7   8 440.0 230 3.23 5.34 17.4  0  0   3   4
## Fiat 128       32.4   4  78.7  66 4.08 2.20 19.5  1  1   4   1
## Honda Civic    30.4   4  75.7  52 4.93 1.61 18.5  1  1   4   2
## Toyota Corolla 23.0   4  71.1  65 4.22 1.83 19.0  1  1   4   1
```

tibbles: a tidyverse alternative

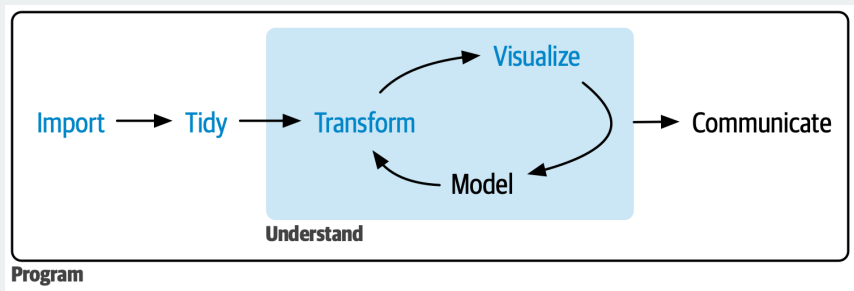
midwest

```
## # A tibble: 437 x 28 rows x columns
##   PID county state area poptotal popdensity
##   <int> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <int> <dbl>
## 1 561 ADAMS IL 0.052 66090 1271.
## 2 562 ALEXANDER IL 0.014 10626 759
## 3 563 BOND IL 0.022 14991 681.
## 4 564 BOONE IL 0.017 30806 1812.
## 5 565 BROWN IL 0.018 5836 324.
## 6 566 BUREAU IL 0.05 35688 714.
## 7 567 CALHOUN IL 0.017 5322 313.
## 8 568 CARROLL IL 0.027 16805 622.
## 9 569 CASS IL 0.024 13437 560.
## 10 570 CHAMPAIGN IL 0.058 173025 2983.
## # ... with 427 more rows, and 22 more variables:
## #   popwhite <int>, popblack <int>,
## #   popamerindian <int>, popasian <int>,
## #   popother <int>, percwhite <dbl>, percblack <dbl>,
## #   percamerindian <dbl>, percasian <dbl>,
```

column types

abridged output

Transform-Visualize-Model cycle



dplyr: a package for data transformation



- All `dplyr` functions:
 - Take a dataset as their first argument
 - Manipulate the dataset in some way
 - Returns the manipulated dataset

Nested calls can be hard to read (have to read inside out):

```
f(g(h(r(x))))
```

The pipe `|>` allows us to move output between functions (`|>` = “and then”):

```
x |>  
  r() |>  
  h() |>  
  g() |>  
  h()
```

The piped output goes to the first argument by default.

Local news data

- How does station ownership affect local news coverage?
- Martin and McCrain (2019) use data on local news at TV stations before and after a large acquisition by a conglomerate.

Variable	Description
callsign	Callsign of the station
affiliation	Network affiliation of the station
date	Airdate of news
weekday	Day of the week of airdate
ideology	Measure of news slant (bigger is more conservative)
national_politics	Avg proportion of segments on national politics
local_politics	Avg proportion of segments on national politics
sinclair2017	Station acquired by Sinclair group in Sept 2017
post	Date is before/after acquisition (0/1)

```
library(gov50data)
data(news)
news
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
##   callsign affil~1 date       weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>      <chr> <date>    <ord>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC    2017-06-05 Mon      NA        0.0286    0.0190    0
## 2 KTAB      CBS    2017-06-05 Mon      NA        0.0286    0.0190    0
## 3 KXVA      FOX    2017-06-05 Mon      NA        0.0393    0.0262    0
## 4 KPAX      CBS    2017-06-06 Tue      NA        0.00357   0.194     0
## 5 KTAB      CBS    2017-06-06 Tue      NA        0.0945    0.109     0
## 6 KECI      NBC    2017-06-07 Wed      0.0655    0.225     0.148     1
## 7 KPAX      CBS    2017-06-07 Wed      0.0853    0.283     0.123     0
## 8 KRBC      NBC    2017-06-07 Wed      0.0183    0.130     0.189     0
## 9 KTAB      CBS    2017-06-07 Wed      0.0850    0.0901    0.138     0
## 10 KTMF     ABC    2017-06-07 Wed      0.0842    0.152     0.129     0
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

2/ Operating on rows

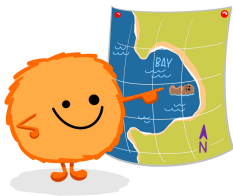
filter()

filter() selects rows that satisfy the argument you pass it:

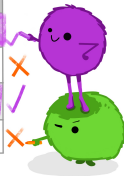
dplyr::filter() KEEP ROWS THAT satisfy *your* CONDITIONS

keep rows from... this data... ONLY IF... type is "otter" AND site is "bay"

```
filter(df, type == "otter" & site == "bay")
```



type	food	site
otter	urchin	bay
shark	seal	channel
otter	abalone	bay
otter	crab	wharf



@allison_horst

```
news |>
  filter(weekday == "Tue")
```

```
## # A tibble: 626 x 10
##   calls~1 affil~2 date       weekday ideology natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>   <chr>   <date>   <ord>     <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KPAX    CBS     2017-06-06 Tue       NA       0.00357  0.194     0
## 2 KTAB    CBS     2017-06-06 Tue       NA       0.0945   0.109     0
## 3 KAEF    ABC     2017-06-13 Tue       0.0242   0.180     0.234     1
## 4 KBVU    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue       0.00894  0.186     0.245     1
## 5 KBZK    CBS     2017-06-13 Tue       0.129    0.306     0.0763    0
## 6 KCVU    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue       0.114    0.124     0.178     1
## 7 KECI    NBC     2017-06-13 Tue       0.115    0.283     0.0926    1
## 8 KHSL    CBS     2017-06-13 Tue       0.0821   0.274     0.248     0
## 9 KNVN    NBC     2017-06-13 Tue       0.120    0.261     0.253     0
## 10 KPAX   CBS     2017-06-13 Tue       0.0984   0.208     0.171     0
## # ... with 616 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>,
## #   and abbreviated variable names 1: callsign, 2: affiliation,
## #   3: national_politics, 4: local_politics, 5: sinclair2017
```

Multiple conditions means “and”

```
news |>
  filter(weekday == "Tue",
         affiliation == "FOX")

## # A tibble: 130 x 10
##   calls~1 affil~2 date       weekday ideology natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>   <chr>   <date>   <ord>      <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KBVU    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue         0.00894  0.186   0.245     1
## 2 KCVU    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue         0.114    0.124   0.178     1
## 3 WEMT    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue         0.235    0.149   0.155     1
## 4 WYDO    FOX     2017-06-13 Tue         0.0949   0.182   0.180     1
## 5 KBVU    FOX     2017-06-20 Tue         NA        0.0229  0.268     1
## 6 KCVU    FOX     2017-06-20 Tue         NA        0.0170  0.261     1
## 7 KXVA    FOX     2017-06-20 Tue         NA        0.0203  0.0939    0
## 8 WEMT    FOX     2017-06-20 Tue         0.268    0.134   0.151     1
## 9 WYDO    FOX     2017-06-20 Tue         0.0590   0.155   0.0943    1
## 10 KBVU   FOX     2017-06-27 Tue         NA        0.0601  0.279     1
## # ... with 120 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>,
## #   and abbreviated variable names 1: callsign, 2: affiliation,
## #   3: national_politics, 4: local_politics, 5: sinclair2017
```


- Comparing two values/vectors:
 - $>/>=$: greater than/greater than or equal to
 - $</<=$: less than/less than or equal to
 - $==/!=$: equal to/not equal to
- Combining multiple logical statements:
 - $\&$: and
 - $|$: or

Common gotcha!

```
news |>
  filter(weekday = "Tue")
```

```
## Error in `filter()`:  
## ! We detected a named input.  
## i This usually means that you've used `=` instead of `==`.  
## i Did you mean `weekday == "Tue"`?
```

```
news |>
```

```
filter(affiliation == "FOX" | affiliation == "ABC")
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,525 x 10
```

```
##   calls~1 affil~2 date      weekday ideology natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>   <chr>   <date>   <ord>      <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KXVA    FOX     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0393  0.0262    0
## 2 KTMF    ABC     2017-06-07 Wed      8.42e-2  0.152   0.129    0
## 3 KTXS    ABC     2017-06-07 Wed     -4.88e-4  0.0925  0.0791    1
## 4 KXVA    FOX     2017-06-07 Wed      NA       0.00718  0.00479    0
## 5 KAEF    ABC     2017-06-08 Thu      4.26e-2  0.213   0.228    1
## 6 KBVU    FOX     2017-06-08 Thu     -8.60e-2  0.169   0.247    1
## 7 KTMF    ABC     2017-06-08 Thu      4.33e-2  0.179   0.139    0
## 8 KTXS    ABC     2017-06-08 Thu      6.27e-2  0.158   0.115    1
## 9 KXVA    FOX     2017-06-08 Thu      NA       0.0124  0.0873    0
## 10 WCTI   ABC     2017-06-08 Thu     1.39e-1  0.225   0.0759    1
```

```
## # ... with 1,515 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: callsign,
## #   2: affiliation, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

```
news |>
  filter(ideology < 0 & weekday == "Tue")
```

```
## # A tibble: 66 x 10
##   calls~1 affil~2 date      weekday ideology natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>   <chr>   <date>   <ord>     <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KAEF    ABC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0117   0.162   0.207     1
## 2 KECI    NBC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.00362  0.177   0.0932    1
## 3 KHSL    CBS     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0735   0.170   0.259     0
## 4 KNVN    NBC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0175   0.180   0.262     0
## 5 KPAX    CBS     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.134    0.219   0.120     0
## 6 KTXS    ABC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0307   0.129   0.100     1
## 7 WCTI    ABC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0308   0.187   0.119     1
## 8 WITN    NBC     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.0233   0.155   0.108     0
## 9 WJHL    CBS     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.00388  0.166   0.210     0
## 10 WNCT   CBS     2017-06-27 Tue       -0.130    0.181   0.125     0
## # ... with 56 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>, month <ord>,
## #   and abbreviated variable names 1: callsign, 2: affiliation,
## #   3: national_politics, 4: local_politics, 5: sinclair2017
```

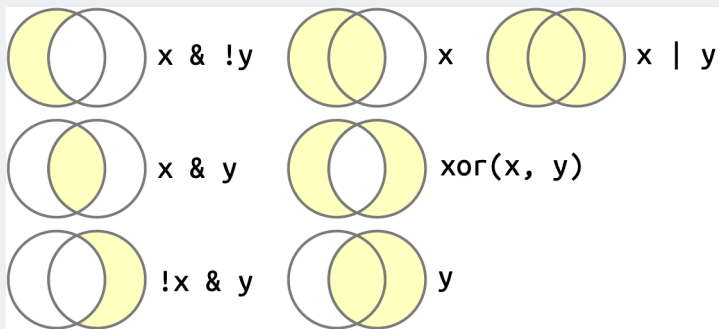
Combining %in%

When combining | and ==, useful to use %in%:

```
news |>
  filter(weekday %in% c("Mon", "Fri"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,253 x 10
##   callsign affil~1 date       weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>      <chr>   <date>   <ord>    <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 2 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 3 KXVA      FOX     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0393  0.0262    0
## 4 KAEF      ABC     2017-06-09 Fri      0.0870  0.153    0.269     1
## 5 KBVU      FOX     2017-06-09 Fri      NA       0.0553  0.384     1
## 6 KECI      NBC     2017-06-09 Fri      0.115   0.216    0.108     1
## 7 KPAX      CBS     2017-06-09 Fri      0.0882  0.315    0.128     0
## 8 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-09 Fri      0.0929  0.152    0.147     0
## 9 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-09 Fri      0.0588  0.0711  0.176     0
## 10 KTMF     ABC     2017-06-09 Fri      NA       0.0495  0.0999    0
## # ... with 1,243 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

Complicated logicals



arrange()

`arrange()` will reorder the rows based on the values of the columns.

With multiple arguments, sort by first argument, then second, then third...

Arrange by callsign then date

```
news |>  
  arrange(callsign, date)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10  
##   callsign affil~1 date      weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5  
##   <chr>    <chr>    <date>    <ord>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>  
## 1 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-08 Thu      0.0426  0.213    0.228      1  
## 2 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-09 Fri      0.0870  0.153    0.269      1  
## 3 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-12 Mon      0.0135  0.149    0.188      1  
## 4 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-13 Tue      0.0242  0.180    0.234      1  
## 5 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-14 Wed      0.123   0.182    0.0968     1  
## 6 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-15 Thu      0.0778  0.114    0.203      1  
## 7 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-16 Fri      NA       0.109    0.176      1  
## 8 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-19 Mon      0.778   0.0823  0.179      1  
## 9 KAEF     ABC      2017-06-20 Tue      0.115   0.131    0.163      1  
## 10 KAEF    ABC      2017-06-21 Wed     -0.315  0.130    0.192      1  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,  
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,  
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,  
## #   5: sinclair2017
```


Which station-dates were the most liberal?

```
news |>
```

```
  arrange(ideology)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
##   callsign affil~1 date       weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>      <chr>   <date>    <ord>    <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC     2017-10-19 Thu      -0.674  0.0731  0.161    0
## 2 WJHL      CBS     2017-12-08 Fri      -0.673  0.0364  0.206    0
## 3 KRBC      NBC     2017-10-18 Wed      -0.586  0.0470  0.135    0
## 4 KCVU      FOX     2017-06-22 Thu      -0.414  0.158   0.172    1
## 5 KRBC      NBC     2017-12-11 Mon      -0.365  0.0674  0.163    0
## 6 KAEF      ABC     2017-06-21 Wed      -0.315  0.130   0.192    1
## 7 KTMF      ABC     2017-12-01 Fri      -0.303  0.179   0.150    0
## 8 KWYB      ABC     2017-12-01 Fri      -0.303  0.160   0.161    0
## 9 KTVM      NBC     2017-09-01 Fri      -0.302  0.0507  0.106    1
## 10 KNVN     NBC     2017-12-08 Fri      -0.299  0.121   0.211    0
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

Which station-dates were the most conservative?

Use `desc()` to reverse the order:

```
news |>  
  arrange(desc(ideology))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10  
##   callsign affil~1 date       weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5  
##   <chr>      <chr>   <date>   <ord>    <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>  
## 1 KAEF      ABC     2017-06-19 Mon      0.778   0.0823   0.179     1  
## 2 WYDO      FOX     2017-07-19 Wed      0.580   0.126    0.121     1  
## 3 KRRCR     ABC     2017-10-03 Tue      0.566   0.123    0.192     1  
## 4 KAEF      ABC     2017-10-18 Wed      0.496   0.0892   0.217     1  
## 5 KBVU      FOX     2017-11-16 Thu      0.491   0.159    0.184     1  
## 6 KTMF      ABC     2017-11-06 Mon      0.455   0.138    0.154     0  
## 7 KAEF      ABC     2017-06-29 Thu      0.447   0.126    0.220     1  
## 8 KPAX      CBS     2017-11-23 Thu      0.437   0.125    0.128     0  
## 9 KTAB      CBS     2017-11-16 Thu      0.427   0.0631   0.104     0  
## 10 KCVU     FOX     2017-07-06 Thu      0.406   0.154    0.148     1  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,  
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,  
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,  
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

3/ Operating on columns

select():

`select()` selects columns via their names.

Selecting based on names

```
news |>  
  select(callsign, date, ideology)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 3  
##   callsign date      ideology  
##   <chr>    <date>    <dbl>  
## 1 KRBC     2017-06-05 NA  
## 2 KTAB     2017-06-05 NA  
## 3 KXVA     2017-06-05 NA  
## 4 KPAX     2017-06-06 NA  
## 5 KTAB     2017-06-06 NA  
## 6 KECI     2017-06-07 0.0655  
## 7 KPAX     2017-06-07 0.0853  
## 8 KRBC     2017-06-07 0.0183  
## 9 KTAB     2017-06-07 0.0850  
## 10 KTMF    2017-06-07 0.0842  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

Selecting based on a range of variables

```
news |>  
  select(callsign:ideology)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 5  
##   callsign affiliation date       weekday ideology  
##   <chr>      <chr>      <date>    <ord>      <dbl>  
## 1 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-05 Mon        NA  
## 2 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-05 Mon        NA  
## 3 KXVA      FOX        2017-06-05 Mon        NA  
## 4 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-06 Tue        NA  
## 5 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-06 Tue        NA  
## 6 KECI      NBC        2017-06-07 Wed         0.0655  
## 7 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-07 Wed         0.0853  
## 8 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-07 Wed         0.0183  
## 9 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-07 Wed         0.0850  
## 10 KTMF     ABC        2017-06-07 Wed         0.0842  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

Selecting all not in a range

```
news |>  
  select(!callsign:ideology)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 5  
##   national_politics local_politics sinclair2017  post month  
##           <dbl>           <dbl>         <dbl> <dbl> <ord>  
## 1           0.0286           0.0190           0     0 Jun  
## 2           0.0286           0.0190           0     0 Jun  
## 3           0.0393           0.0262           0     0 Jun  
## 4           0.00357          0.194            0     0 Jun  
## 5           0.0945           0.109            0     0 Jun  
## 6           0.225            0.148            1     0 Jun  
## 7           0.283            0.123            0     0 Jun  
## 8           0.130            0.189            0     0 Jun  
## 9           0.0901           0.138            0     0 Jun  
## 10          0.152            0.129            0     0 Jun  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

Selecting all numeric columns

```
news |>  
  select(where(is.numeric))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 5  
##   ideology national_politics local_politics sinclair2017 post  
##   <dbl>           <dbl>           <dbl>           <dbl> <dbl>  
## 1 NA              0.0286           0.0190           0      0  
## 2 NA              0.0286           0.0190           0      0  
## 3 NA              0.0393           0.0262           0      0  
## 4 NA              0.00357          0.194            0      0  
## 5 NA              0.0945           0.109            0      0  
## 6 0.0655          0.225            0.148            1      0  
## 7 0.0853          0.283            0.123            0      0  
## 8 0.0183          0.130            0.189            0      0  
## 9 0.0850          0.0901           0.138            0      0  
## 10 0.0842          0.152            0.129            0      0  
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```


Combining multiple selections

```
news |>
  select(callsign:weekday, ends_with("politics"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 6
##   callsign affiliation date       weekday national_politics local_p~1
##   <chr>      <chr>      <date>    <ord>          <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-05 Mon           0.0286    0.0190
## 2 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-05 Mon           0.0286    0.0190
## 3 KXVA      FOX        2017-06-05 Mon           0.0393    0.0262
## 4 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-06 Tue           0.00357   0.194
## 5 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-06 Tue           0.0945    0.109
## 6 KECI      NBC        2017-06-07 Wed           0.225     0.148
## 7 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-07 Wed           0.283     0.123
## 8 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-07 Wed           0.130     0.189
## 9 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-07 Wed           0.0901    0.138
## 10 KTMF     ABC        2017-06-07 Wed           0.152     0.129
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, and abbreviated variable name
## #   1: local_politics
```

rename()

`rename(new_name = old_name)` renames the `old_name` variable to `new_name`

```
news |>
```

```
rename(call_sign = callsign)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
```

```
##   call_s~1 affil~2 date       weekday  ideol~3 natio~4 local~5 sincl~6
##   <chr>     <chr>   <date>    <ord>    <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 2 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 3 KXVA      FOX     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0393  0.0262    0
## 4 KPAX      CBS     2017-06-06 Tue      NA       0.00357 0.194     0
## 5 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-06 Tue      NA       0.0945  0.109     0
## 6 KECI      NBC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0655 0.225     0.148     1
## 7 KPAX      CBS     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0853 0.283     0.123     0
## 8 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0183 0.130     0.189     0
## 9 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0850 0.0901    0.138     0
## 10 KTMF     ABC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0842 0.152     0.129     0
```

```
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: call_sign,
## #   2: affiliation, 3: ideology, 4: national_politics,
## #   5: local_politics, 6: sinclair2017
```

mutate()

`mutate(new_var = fun(old_vars))` adds new columns that are functions of existing columns.

```

news |>
  mutate(
    national_local_diff = national_politics - local_politics,
    national_politics_perc = national_politics * 100
  ) |>
  select(callsign, date, national_politics, local_politics,
         national_local_diff, national_politics_perc)

```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 6
```

##	callsign	date	national_politics	local_politics	national_local_diff	national_politics_perc
##	<chr>	<date>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
## 1	KRBC	2017-06-05	0.0286	0.0190	0.00952	2.86
## 2	KTAB	2017-06-05	0.0286	0.0190	0.00952	2.86
## 3	KXVA	2017-06-05	0.0393	0.0262	0.0131	3.93
## 4	KPAX	2017-06-06	0.00357	0.194	-0.191	0.357
## 5	KTAB	2017-06-06	0.0945	0.109	-0.0145	9.45
## 6	KECI	2017-06-07	0.225	0.148	0.0761	22.5
## 7	KPAX	2017-06-07	0.283	0.123	0.160	28.3
## 8	KRBC	2017-06-07	0.130	0.189	-0.0589	13.0
## 9	KTAB	2017-06-07	0.0901	0.138	-0.0476	9.01
## 10	KTMF	2017-06-07	0.152	0.129	0.0229	15.2

```
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

if_else()

`if_else(test_condition, yes, no)` allows us to create a vector that depends on a logical

New vector gets `yes` expression when `test_condition` is `TRUE`, `no` otherwise

```
news |>
  mutate(Ownership = if_else(sinclair2017 == 1,
                             "Acquired by Sinclair",
                             "Not Acquired")) |>
  select(callsign, affiliation, date, Ownership)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 4
##   callsign affiliation date      Ownership
##   <chr>      <chr>      <date>    <chr>
## 1 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-05 Not Acquired
## 2 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-05 Not Acquired
## 3 KXVA      FOX        2017-06-05 Not Acquired
## 4 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-06 Not Acquired
## 5 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-06 Not Acquired
## 6 KECI      NBC        2017-06-07 Acquired by Sinclair
## 7 KPAX      CBS        2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## 8 KRBC      NBC        2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## 9 KTAB      CBS        2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## 10 KTMF     ABC        2017-06-07 Not Acquired
## # ... with 3,127 more rows
```

4/ Operating on groups

group_by()

`group_by(var)` divides the data into groups based on the `var` variable.

Doesn't change data yet, but subsequent operations will be by `var`.

```
news |>
```

```
group_by(month)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,137 x 10
## # Groups:   month [7]
##   callsign affil~1 date       weekday ideol~2 natio~3 local~4 sincl~5
##   <chr>      <chr>   <date>     <ord>    <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 2 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0286  0.0190    0
## 3 KXVA      FOX     2017-06-05 Mon      NA       0.0393  0.0262    0
## 4 KPAX      CBS     2017-06-06 Tue      NA       0.00357 0.194     0
## 5 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-06 Tue      NA       0.0945  0.109     0
## 6 KECI      NBC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0655 0.225     0.148     1
## 7 KPAX      CBS     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0853 0.283     0.123     0
## 8 KRBC      NBC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0183 0.130     0.189     0
## 9 KTAB      CBS     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0850 0.0901    0.138     0
## 10 KTMF     ABC     2017-06-07 Wed      0.0842 0.152     0.129     0
## # ... with 3,127 more rows, 2 more variables: post <dbl>,
## #   month <ord>, and abbreviated variable names 1: affiliation,
## #   2: ideology, 3: national_politics, 4: local_politics,
## #   5: sinclair2017
```

summarize()

`summarize(sum_var = fun(curr_var))` calculates summaries of variables by groups.

Ideological slant by weekday

```
news |>
  group_by(month) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE)
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 2
##   month slant_mean
##   <ord>   <dbl>
## 1 Jun     0.0786
## 2 Jul     0.103
## 3 Aug     0.105
## 4 Sep     0.0751
## 5 Oct     0.0862
## 6 Nov     0.0972
## 7 Dec     0.0774
```

Summaries by ownership and pre/post

```
news |>
  group_by(sinclair2017, post) |>
  summarize(
    slant_mean = mean(ideology, na.rm = TRUE),
    national_mean = mean(national_politics, na.rm = TRUE)
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:   sinclair2017 [2]
##   sinclair2017  post slant_mean national_mean
##         <dbl> <dbl>         <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1             0     0         0.100         0.118
## 2             0     1         0.0768        0.107
## 3             1     0         0.0936        0.124
## 4             1     1         0.0938        0.144
```

Summarize across types of variables

`across()` will apply a summary function across many variables

```
news |>
  group_by(sinclair2017, post) |>
  summarize(
    across(where(is.numeric), mean, na.rm = TRUE),
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups:   sinclair2017 [2]
##   sinclair2017 post ideology national_politics local_politics
##         <dbl> <dbl>     <dbl>           <dbl>           <dbl>
## 1             0     0     0.100           0.118           0.158
## 2             0     1     0.0768          0.107           0.150
## 3             1     0     0.0936          0.124           0.170
## 4             1     1     0.0938          0.144           0.147
```